## State Medicaid Coverage of Abortion Care: Impact on clinics and local abortion funds

Policy Study on the Impact of State Medicaid Coverage of Abortion For more information visit: <a href="http://air.org/state-policy-study">http://air.org/state-policy-study</a>

For local abortion funds, state Medicaid coverage of abortion care was associated with:

A decreased need to provide abortion procedure funding for in-state patients with Medicaid coverage in Maine\*



The number of financial contributions (grants) distributed to callers seeking financial assistance **decreased by half** after the policy shift.\*\*



The share of procedure price paid by local funds was **nearly 2 percentage points lower** after the policy shift.

- \* Only Maine findings are reported due to inconsistent tracking of local fund contributions to procedure cost in data received from Illinois clinics.
- \*\* Based on interview findings with a local fund in Maine.

## An increased ability to support previously unmet needs in Illinois and Maine



Illinois—Funding assistance need was so high before the policy shift that a local fund could provide financial aid to only about 30% of callers. After the policy shift, the fund was able to assist 100% of callers.



Maine—After the policy shift, a local fund expanded to provide practical, logistical, and emotional support.

A shift in who most needed financial assistance for abortion procedures in Illinois and Maine



Local funds saw an increased need for financial assistance among people who did not qualify for Medicaid, had insurance that did not cover abortion care, had insurance with high deductibles, or had no insurance.

Changes in funding limits and local fund administration procedures in Maine



Prior to the policy shift, one fund provided a standard grant of \$160 per patient.

After the policy shift, the fund was able to provide funding based on patient need.

The fund streamlined the process by distributing a set amount (block grant) monthly to clinics. Clinics then allocated resources as needed, with approval required only when a patient's funding exceeded \$500.

For clinics in Illinois and Maine, state Medicaid coverage of abortion care was associated with:



Fewer barriers to receiving timely abortion care

Patients didn't have to delay care. Staff did not have to delay scheduling procedures while patients raised funds to cover the cost.



A need to increase capacity to serve more patients

- Increase in patient volume and completed procedures
- **♦** Decrease in no-shows
- (+) Additional staff to meet demand



Some clinics hired advanced practice clinicians, enrollment specialists, and scheduling staff.

<sup>†</sup> With the exception of some perceived increases in no-shows during the pandemic. Based on interview findings with clinic staff. Other factors that facilitated clinic capacity to serve more patients include:



- Increased use of medication abortion, part of a national trend
- Increased use of telehealth, part of the health care response to the COVID-19 public health emergency
- Increased use of advanced practice clinicians to provide abortion care<sup>††</sup>

For more information on this study:



<sup>++</sup> A Maine House Bill (LD1261) was passed, at the time of the study, that authorized advanced practice clinicians to provide abortion care.

