



Maryland Accountability System Under the Every Student Succeeds Act

American Institutes for Research (AIR) has compiled profiles of each state educational agency's proposed accountability system under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as reauthorized by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015. The profile is based on initial plans submitted to the U.S. Department of Education. Upon final approval, profiles will be updated. For an overview and full set of profiles, visit www.air.org/ESSAAccountability.

- Maryland uses a composite index to calculate annual summative ratings of 1 to 5 stars for all public schools and to identify schools for comprehensive and additional targeted support and improvement (CSI/ATS).
- Maryland measures “completion of a well-rounded curriculum,” including passing courses in mathematics, English language arts (ELA), social studies, science, fine arts, physical education, and health.

Accountability Snapshot

Snapshot data here capture accountability highlights across states. Accountability measures are grouped by readiness to learn, persistence, and college and career readiness to highlight states' data-based leverage points across the educational trajectory.

Annual Meaningful Differentiation		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual summative rating (Annually calculates overall performance rating for all schools and “all students” using all indicators, beyond CSI/TSI schools)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Data dashboard only (CSI/TSI schools identification only)		
Summative Ratings		
1 to 5 (highest) stars		
Accountability Measures	Included in Accountability	
Academic		
Achievement status	✓	
Achievement growth	✓	
GAP Achievement gap		
ELP English language proficiency/progress	✓	
4-year graduation rate	✓	
EAR Early learning		
WRE Well-rounded education	✓	
Persistence		
EXT Extended-year graduation rate(s)	✓	
OTG On-track to graduation	✓	
Dropout rate		
College and career readiness		
COL College enrollment		
ADV Advanced coursework or sequence	✓	
CPT College placement test(s)		
CTE Career and technical education or work-based learning	✓	
Readiness to learn		
CFL Conditions for learning/school climate	✓	
SEL Social-emotional learning		
CHR Chronic absenteeism	✓	

Note: CSI=comprehensive support and improvement; TSI=targeted support and improvement

Student Groups for Accountability Determinations (N = 10, N = 30 for graduation rate)	
Major racial/ethnic subgroups	
American Indian/Alaskan Native	
Asian	
Black/African American	
Hispanic/Latino of any race	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	
Two or more races	
White	
Other required subgroups	
Economically disadvantaged	
Students with disabilities	
English learners	
Nonrequired subgroups	
Gifted and talented (after 2017–18)	




Subjects Used for Accountability		
Subject	Status	Growth
Math	✓	✓
Reading/English language arts (ELA)	✓	✓
Writing		
Science	✓	
Social studies		
Other		



Annual Differentiation System

Maryland uses the following composite index to calculate annual summative ratings of 1 to 5 stars for all public schools and to identify schools for CSI/ATS (see also “School Improvement Categories”).




Maryland Composite Index for Determination of Summative Ratings and CSI/ATS Schools, 2017–18 School Year

ESSA Indicator	State Measure	Measure Weightings	
		Elementary/Middle Schools	High Schools
 Academic achievement	Achievement composite (math, ELA)	20%	20%
 Other academic	Student growth (median SGP for math, ELA)	25%	--
	Credit for completion well-rounded curriculum	10%	--
 Graduation rate	Graduation composite	--	15%
ELP English language proficiency progress	On-track to ELP	10%	10%
Academic indicators subtotal		65%	45%
SQSS School quality or student success	Chronic absenteeism	15%	15%
	School climate	10%	10%
	Access to well-rounded curriculum	10%	10%
	On-track in Grade 9	--	10%
	Credit for completion well-rounded curriculum	--	10%
SQSS indicator subtotal		35%	55%
Total		100%	100%

Note 1: ELA=English language arts; SGP=student growth percentile

Note 2: Maryland includes the “On-track in Grade 9” measure as a discrete indicator in its original ESSA plan submission. It is grouped with the SQSS indicator here consistent with previous federal interpretation and for cross-state comparison of the SQSS indicator.

Accountability Measure Descriptions

ESSA Indicator	State Measure	Description
 Academic achievement	Achievement composite (weighted equally across ELA, math)	Gives equal weighting to 2 measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proficiency (percentage of students scoring at the performance level consistent with grade-level proficiency or higher on annual statewide assessments) • Average performance level (value 1–5) on statewide assessments
	<i>Participation rate inclusion</i>	The denominator of the calculation is either the actual number of participating students or 95% of enrolled students, whichever is higher.
 Other academic	Student growth (ELA, math)	Student growth percentile that ranks year-to-year change in annual statewide ELP assessment results for each participating student. The final score is the median SGP.
 Graduation rate	Graduation composite	Combined graduation rate with the following weightings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4-year graduation rate (10%) • 5-year graduation rate (5%) Each rate is the percentage of students within an adjusted cohort who graduate within 4 or 5 years, respectively, with a regular high school diploma.
ELP English language proficiency progress	On-track to ELP	Percentage of students meeting annual individual targets for sufficient progress towards ELP within a state-determined number of years, based on State ELP test results.
SQSS School quality or student success	Chronic absenteeism	Number of students absent 10% or more of school days.
	School climate	Survey results across students, educators, and parents. Includes at least 1 item, per state statute, for teachers regarding their “receipt of critical instructional feedback”
	On-track in Grade 9	Percentage of Grade 9 students receiving at least 4 credits in any of ELA, math, science, social studies, and world language.
	Access to a well-rounded curriculum	For elementary and middle schools, percentage enrollment in science, social studies, fine arts, physical education, health, and/or computational learning. For high schools, percentage enrollment in Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, or dual enrollment coursework and/or career and technical education concentration.
	Credit for completion of a well-rounded curriculum	For elementary and middle schools, percentage: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proficient on statewide science assessments, or • Passing various courses including mathematics, ELA, social studies, science, fine arts, physical education, and health.

Note: ELA=English language arts; SGP=student growth percentile

School Improvement Categories

	Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) Schools	Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI) Schools	Additional Targeted Support (ATS) Schools
Identification criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low-performing school: Bottom 5% of Title I schools, as ranked by composite index score Low graduation rate school: 4-year graduation rate less than 67% Chronically underperforming subgroup (i.e., 3 years failure to exit TSI status) 	Any school with consistently underperforming subgroup based on failure to meet state-determined goals across all accountability indicators, for 2 consecutive years	Any school with subgroup index score below threshold for state's identification of bottom 5% of Title I schools based on all students
First year and frequency of identification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2018–19 for low-performing and low graduation rate schools and every 3 years thereafter 2021–22 for chronically underperforming subgroups and every 3 years thereafter 	2019–20 and annually thereafter	2018–19 and every 3 years thereafter
Years of improvement to exit status	2 consecutive years of improvement required to exit CSI status	States are not required to determine exit criteria for consistently underperforming subgroups	2 consecutive years of improvement required to exit ATS status

Inclusion of Recently Arrived English Learners in Accountability

Under Sec. 1111(b)(2)(B)(v)(I) of ESSA, states may exempt English learners (ELs) who have been enrolled in a school in the United States for less than 12 months from taking the reading/ELA statewide assessment in their first year according to the following 3 options.

State Options Under Sec. 1111(b)(2)(B)(v)(I) of ESSA		Year of Student Enrollment		
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
1	✓	Exempt all recent ELs from ELA/reading statewide testing	Test new ELs and include proficiency scores in accountability for all statewide tests for the first time	Test ELs and include proficiency and growth in accountability
2		Test all recent ELs in ELA/reading but exclude from accountability	Test ELs and include achievement growth scores in accountability for all statewide tests for the first time	Test ELs and include proficiency and growth in accountability
3		Uniform procedure for assigning individual ELs to either Option 1 or Option 2		